Establishing Statutory Authority for RCORP

he Rural Communities Opioids Response Program (RCORP) has effectively improved access to behavioral health services in rural areas since 2018, receiving bipartisan support in Congress and gaining approval from rural communities and healthcare providers. However, its future remains uncertain without established statutory authority.

Background

RCORP addresses opioid and related substance use in rural areas through prevention, treatment, and recovery services. Since its inception in 2018, RCORP has been funded annually under Section 711 of the Social Security Act. RCORP operates using a network approach outlined in Section 330A of the Public Health Service Act's Rural Health Outreach Program. This approach funds a network of community partners to address identified community needs. The initial funding is designed to kickstart health projects with the expectation that the network will sustain them post-grant. Program funds support various network activities, including fulltime employee costs, telehealth, clinical services, equipment purchases, and more.

The Administration has supported RCORP in each of its proposed budgets in FY 2021-2024, and the program has been funded by the Congress from 2018 to the present. RCORP has received \$720 million in regular appropriations from FY 2018 to FY 2023.

As Congress considers broader reauthorization of the SUPPORT Act (H.R. 6 - 115th Congress), which includes a range of other related opioid and substance use programs, a formal authorization would allow RCORP to be more formally aligned with related programs while also continuing to meet the evolving and unique needs of rural communities.

The Importance of Authorization

Authorization is crucial to ensure RCORP's continued success in addressing the rural opioid crisis. It would:

- Provide stability and predictability to rural communities and states.
- Offer grantees certainty for future planning.
- Enable investment in long-term projects.
- Attract additional funding sources for sustainability.
- Allow greater programmatic flexibility.
- Enhance the program's effectiveness in improving rural healthcare access.

Successes since 2018

- RCORP grant recipients have provided substance use disorder direct services and technical assistance across more than 1,800 rural counties spanning
 47 states and two territories.
- 743 grant and cooperative agreement recipients have been funded.
- Direct prevention, treatment, and recovery services provided to over 2 million rural individuals across the country and MAT services specifically to over 112,000 rural individuals in FY 2021.
- More than 634,000 individuals trained on substance use disorder and behavioral health topics.
- Between September 2021 and February 2022, approximately **75 percent of RCORP awardees** reported sustainable activities after the end of Federal grant funding.

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